"... Because this is simple justice, and justice comes before charity..."
ATLANTA--Farm workers aren't the only ones under persecution in the Deep South. From Mississippi, where sharecroppers are on strike, to the strike in Florida, farm workers are also talking about the case of Johnny C. Wilson, a civil rights worker for the Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee (SNCC) who has been sentenced to three years on a chain gang.

Wilson and 11 other SNCC workers were peacefully picketing the 12th Army headquarters here, protesting induction of Negroes to fight in Vietnam, when they were arrested after an incident between some of the demonstrators and the Atlanta fuzz. The SNCC workers were sentenced to the Atlanta City Stockade for terms ranging from 30 to 120 days.

SNCC charged that Judge T. C. Little, who heard the case, was prejudiced because he had a son in Vietnam. The civil rights group also pointed out that Little charged Wilson with "insurrection," which carries the death penalty here. But this was later declared unconstitutional and the insurrection charge was dropped.

"During two weeks spent in Fulton County Jail before being transferred to serve his sentence at the Atlanta Stockade," SNCC said, "Wilson became ill and suffered several blackouts. Prison doctors refused to admit him to the hospital.

"At the city stockade," SNCC continued, "Wilson, along with the other nine male demonstrators were segregated... and sent to the hole (a box four feet by four feet by seven feet) for talking or saying 'Black Power' to their fellow prisoners."

In this hole of horror, the demonstrators were given only bread and water, one blanket, and a tin can for waste disposal. Wilson had two more blackouts in the hole, but the only medicine he was given was aspirin.

Meanwhile, bond had been set at the fantastic sum of $36,000 total for the demonstrators. But when SNCC somehow managed to raise the money, Little was out of town. He had left orders that the prisoners were not to be freed.

The demonstrators filed (CONTINUED ON P. 15)
Local Newspaper-

A SCURRILOUS ENEMY OF THE FARM WORKER

Most newspapers will give impartial news reports on what is happening in Delano. El Malcriado is rapidly increasing its circulation because its reports are based on facts and because it supports the fight for justice that the farm workers are undertaking. But in the same town of Delano a scurrilous little newspaper is published, and it is a paper that does not miss an opportunity to attack the strikers and the rest of the Delano residents.

For example, when the Leamon King home was illegally searched last week by a group of disrespectful policemen, and a claim was put forth to the City Council, the aforementioned newspaper published an article asking the people of Delano to "support our marvelous police force."

It looks as though the constitutional rights of the King family did not mean much to that newspaper. El Malcriado, on the other hand, interviewed Mrs. King and faithfully reprinted her every word. El Malcriado also said that it appeared as if someone were trying to fool the people by spreading a blanket of smoke over the incidents of the past night, in this way hiding the inexcusable conduct of the police.

After issue No. 55 of El Malcriado was in circulation, and everyone had an opportunity to read the article, the other newspaper found out and reported that Leamon King had been a sports hero and had represented the U.S. in the Olympics at Melbourne, Australia and at Stockholm, Sweden.

In a later note, this scurrilous newspaper quoted the words of Mr. Hochschild, mayor of Delano: "There is not sufficient evidence to incriminate Captain Gilbert (the policeman who led the search of the house), and as far as I'm concerned no one can be guilty until he proves himself guilty."

This statement of the mayor does not seem to be backed up by the conduct of the police, who do not hesitate in treating the citizens as regular criminals, nor by the conduct of that newspaper which always treats the farm workers as guilty while the growers are innocent.

This is only one of the many examples that show us the alliance that exists between this scurrilous newspaper, the police, and some of the growers. But for now it is enough that we let the public know who is the enemy of the farm worker.
Dear Editor:

I should like to comment on the letter from Judith Holmes (San Jose) which appears in issue No. 54 of El Malcriado. First, may I suggest that Miss Holmes read more carefully the statement at the top of page 14 of issue No. 52 of El Malcriado which disclaims responsibility for views expressed in Senorita Alma's column. Secondly, she should note that the "offending" sentences are those of a reader, not the columnist.

Miss Holmes believes that "untruths such as these sentences should not appear in the columns of this magazine." However, she resorts to a sophistry by stating that "it is not true that all police are the enemy of the people, and... the police are not trained to look down on minorities and incite them against each other." Miss Holmes is incredibly naive if she believes that a few hostile statements about policemen are going to "do a great deal of harm to the minds and hearts of the Farm Workers who read them." The minds and hearts of the Farm Workers and all other minority groups have long been painfully aware of the brutal realities of tear gas, billy clubs, gun butts, cattle prods and the use of these which passes for police surveillance in our country. These things do have a real effect on the minds and hearts of minority groups - but should El Malcriado censure the words for that effect?

Unfortunately, Miss Holmes has not had the opportunity to learn firsthand that there are police who are bigoted and racist and that they are not in the minority. They receive thorough training for their jobs which includes courses on how to deal effectively with minority distur-

"THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE HAS LOOKED CAREFULLY INTO THE CAUSES OF THE RIOTS. WE CONCLUDE THAT THEY WERE INDEED FOMENTED BY AGITATORS—AGITATORS NAMED DISEASE AND DISPAIR, JOBLESSNESS AND HOPELESSNESS, RAT-INFESTED HOUSING AND LONG-IMPACTED CYNICISM. THESE SOURCES OF AGITATION ARE NOT THE PRODUCTS OF COMMUNISM OR BLACK NATIONALISM OR TERRORISTS. THEY ARE THE PRODUCTS OF GENERATIONS OF INDIFFERENCE BY ALL THE AMERICAN PEOPLE TO THE ROT AND RUST AND MOLD WHICH WE HAVE ALLOWED TO EAT INTO THE CORE OF OUR CITIES.

ATTORNEY GENERAL
NICHOLAS KATZANBACK
DELANO AND MISSISSIPPI

Dear Editor:

I was interested in two letters from Bakersfield printed in the current issue of El Malcriado.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence F. Richardson are right in comparing our system to Fascism. We're supporting it all over the world and our military-industry complex leaves only one more step to complete Fascism.

The problem of M.C.R is not unique in the history of the labor movement. Many sacrifices have been made by the people to build unions. Many wives have been unwilling to make such sacrifices.

Only militant unionism can provide the workers with the ordinary comforts of life in a system where the strong exploit the weak. Unions are built by dedicated people who are willing to make sacrifices. They don't come easy.

During WW2 I was stationed near Bakersfield and I've been to Delano. I've also been all over the South. It requires as much courage to organize a union at Delano as it does in Mississippi.

Best of luck,
Lester Nash,
South Bend, Ind.

SOMETHING MORE THAN PRAYING

REAL Voice of the Teamsters

To the Malcriado Staff:

We enjoy every issue of your paper and pass it on to friends whom we encourage to subscribe. My husband is a Teamster steward in a good, honest local and he has raised criticism in his union of the splitting role of the West Coast Teamsters who have attempted to compete with and destroy the farm workers union. We believe that the Teamsters Union is basically progressive, and that if enough voices of dissent are raised on the question of the farm workers the International Union will be forced to expel the whole reactionary West Coast group.

Keep up the work on your excellent people's newspaper.

Arlene Tyner
Phila., Penn.

Dear Editor:

Was most pleased to receive your sample copy of "El Malcriado" #52. As the child of parents who were both active in union organizing in the west coast's lumber industry and very much aware of the acute pressures that can be placed upon such families (through our own experiences), naturally I count the migrant workers' cause as my own. At present I am teaching my American History classes about the period between the 1860's and 1920's, and have used newspaper accounts of your struggle in order to make the class "come alive." The rights you seek are long overdue, and I promise to do all that I can to see that all Americans are treated with justice and receive their due as creatures of our Heavenly Father who created all men in His image.

I wish to assure you that something in addition to prayers will be said, and this includes seeking to interest the North Dakota American Federation of Teachers.

CONTINUED ON PAGE 18
VULTURES OVER THE VALLEY

WHO REALLY RECEIVES THE WELFARE BENEFITS?

Social injustice is eloquently represented by this old farm worker at the side of a stovepipe and drum, which are often used in the shacks of the workers to get a little bit of warmth during the freezing days of winter. For them the "help" of the Welfare Department is only a farce in the face of their poverty.

REAGAN PLANS TO CUT THE WELFARE BUDGET FOR THE FARM WORKERS. THIS MONEY WILL GO TO THE GROWERS AND BE SPENT ON MAKING THE MACHINES NOW THREATENING TO LEAVE THE FARM WORKERS UNEMPLOYED.

The Growers

When Governor Ronald Reagan announced that he planned to "cut welfare", he meant the welfare that the poor people get when there is no work. But at the same time, Reagan promised to give the rich growers more welfare than ever before.

Welfare for the rich? That's right! Reagan's biggest scheme of all is to spend billions of taxpayers' dollars on huge new irrigation systems for the growers. He will build canals and pumps and dams all over the state. One canal will stretch hundreds of miles down the West Side of the San Joaquin Valley. It will be like a huge man-made river, with many smaller canals branching off from it. With that water, the ranchers who own that in profits. Today, much of that land is almost desert.

And who pays for the water, for the canals and the dams? You do! Every time you buy a loaf of bread or a bag of groceries, you pay an extra few cents in taxes. It is these taxes which are spent to build those canals. But Governor Reagan has said that he thinks the growers should get the water for free, no matter how rich they are or how much land they own. Jack Pandol of Delano recently bragged that he was using free water from these canals, and he said that almost all the other growers around Delano did too, EVEN THOUGH IT IS AGAINST THE LAW FOR ANY GROWER WHO OWNS OVER 160 ACRES to use this water without paying for it. Who does pay for it? YOU DO!, with your

CONTINUED ON PAGE 18
THE GROWERS REAP THEIR MILLION DOLLAR PROFITS WHILE THE FARM WORKERS THAT PRODUCE THESE PROFITS FOR THEM ARE LEFT TO STRUGGLE ON THE MISERABLE WELFARE UNEMPLOYMENT GRANTS.

The Farmworkers

MARCH AND APRIL... the months when big corporations hold their annual meetings for their stockholders and announce how many millions in profits they have made in the last year. Kern County Land Company, for example, meets in San Francisco on March 2nd. This company owns most of Kern County's farm land (over 2,000,000 acres in all). They pay their farm workers $1.25 to $1.40 an hour. They make millions of profits every year.

MARCH AND APRIL... the months of the year when almost all farm work in California's Central Valley is over. The vines are pruned and tied. The orchards and ground crops don't need much work until the end of April. Aside from the work in the citrus, almost everyone is out of work. It is the time when many families must go on welfare, to feed their children.

The welfare system in Central California is run by the growers and their henchmen. In Tulare County, for example, a "citizens committee" advises the Welfare Department on how it should be run. Its president is O.W. Fahrney, who is also president of the Tulare County Farmers' Association; and the committee includes Stanley Cosart of the Fremont Fruit Company; Harrell Harrel, ...

In contrast to the photo on the opposite page, this young grower, looking well-fed and prosperous, next to the costly pumps used to take water from the canals, is also a symbol of the absurd system of public aid, which gives thousands of dollars to the already rich agricultural corporations, and only crumbs to the poor farm workers.

CONTINUED ON PAGE 18
The farm workers striking for a decent living and social justice are religious people. They have marched with the Virgin of Guadalupe to Sacramento and they have carried their cross of poverty all along these rich and green valleys. Always they have looked to the church and the church has always answered their needs as priests and nuns joined the picket lines and pilgrimages.

Farm Workers Worried

But now farm workers are worried—and they are confused. They are wondering if they might be forced into a national boycott of Christian Brothers’ products. This Catholic order owns Mount La Salle Vineyards, which operates the Alta Vista Ranch near Reedley, California. The farm workers thought they would have an election there—but the winery so harassed and coerced the workers that the United Farm Workers Organizing Committee found it could not participate in the election.

This followed months of delay by Christian Brothers, which initially said it would recognize the union. What confuses California’s farm workers is the unfortunate discrepancy between what three illustrious popes have said about labor—and what Christian Brothers does about labor.

Pope John XXIII is beloved by the farm workers because he was a field worker before he entered the priesthood. His family still works the land near Sotto il Monte, Italy. Perhaps Christian Brothers should take time out from anti-unionism to consider what Pope John said:

Proud of Origins

"The representative of the highest spiritual authority of the earth is glad, even boasts, of being the son of a humble but robust and honest laborer."

Pope John was also fond of quoting St. Peter from the Acts of the Apostles: "I have neither gold nor silver, but what I have I give to you."

Yet, Christian Brothers wine brings the order much silver and gold, but it is still unwilling not only to give its workers their rightful share of the wealth, but even to discuss such sharing with the union.

Pope John, however, was never reluctant to discuss wages and conditions with workers—even his own employees.
Your Popes

Noticing a thin and weary Vatican electrician, Pope John asked the man how things were going. "Badly, very badly, Your Eminence," the worker replied, telling the Pope of his constant struggle against poverty with starvation wages.

The Pope immediately ordered the wages of the Holy See workers raised by as much as 40%. Vatican officials objected, saying that the added cost of wages would hurt the Church's charitable contributions.

But Pope John replied that the charity could be reduced. "For this raise is simple justice, and justice comes before charity."

SOME READING MATTER

Speaking against the materialistic view of labor, Pope Paul also said:

"Far different is the view of the Church... The dignity of labor, the work of man, is a thing worthy of infinite esteem, great consideration, and unbounded respect. The secret consists of confronting labor according to the spirit of Jesus, of transforming it into a daily prayer."

Pope Paul VI also has shown the Christian Brothers the way to brotherhood. In a question which might well be addressed to the wine-making order, he asked, "Have you ever heard of Rerum Novarum or Mater et Magistra? The Popes have never been foreign to the problems of labor." He was speaking of noted Papal encyclicals.

POPE BACKS UNIONS

One of the most emphatic pontiffs was Pope Leo XIII, who noted:

"It is beyond doubt that it is just to seek aid if an employer places unjust burdens upon the workers, or degrade them with conditions which are repugnant to their dignity as human beings... If a man fails, he should be helped up by another man."

Then, in what could be a direct reproach to the wine-making Catholic brotherhood, Pope Leo said:

"Therefore, it is desirable that associations of workers multiply and become more effective."

What could be plainer? Why can't Christian Brothers see the issues as three popes themselves have seen them?

Until Christian Brothers do see it that way, the spirit of the gentle man from Sotto il Monte will not rest. His soul weeps for his fellow laborers of the land.
They Govern
Only to Rob the POOR

The scabs of La Casita carry their own drinking water all the way from Mexico to the fields. They bring the good city water of Ciudad Aleman across the bridge in old soda and wine bottles to the United States and wait in the pre-dawn cold for the scab bus of La Casita.

They carry the water onto the bus, each with his own little supply. Then they travel twenty miles down the river to La Casita Farms. For the new ones who don't know, or for the ones that drink too much water and find their bottles empty, La Casita Farms provides for them. They provide their workers with buckets of filthy drinking water taken directly from the Rio Grande.

La Casita Farms is an "island" of cultivated land on the Rio Grande River in Starr County. The rest of Starr County is just sagebrush and prickly pear. It's human resources are limited to 15,000 impoverished Mexican-Americans, and a few dozen infinitely corrupt political bosses who live off them. The only town, Rio Grande City, sits uncomfortably at the very edge of the United States. Its unkept streets and parks, its brutish police and officials, its dusty atmosphere of stagnant poverty and ignorance, are always there to remind the visitor that this is the poorest county in Texas.
"If you want to kill, this is the place..."

But out on the highway -- one of a very few that are paved in this ugly little city -- something is different. As you drive past the packing shed of La Casita Farms on the edge of town, you think for a second that you are back in Delano, two thousand miles away.

Because there, at the edge of the highway, you find the familiar red flags with the thunderbird emblem, and the signs saying huelga, and the crowd of shouting people. It is the first strike in Texas agriculture since 1883.

Conditions are so repressive in South Texas that even the political process is a joke. Government exists here for only one reason: to rob the poor of what little they have. Two years ago, the last time that a minimum wage was proposed for all of Texas, it was a 40¢ an hour minimum wage. And even if it went through and was enforced, there would still be thousands of farm workers that it would not help.

But the way of the United Farm Workers to gain justice is not through political action. Texas politics is so corrupt -- all the way to the top -- that participation is impossible. If you don't play ball with the "machine," you get shot at or starved out.

The way of the United Farm Workers is through uncompromising economic action. As long as La Casita continues to refuse to bargain with the union, thousands of right-thinking people all over the country will avoid its lettuce and melons as if they carried a plague. And more important, they will keep La Casita products out of their local stores by bringing all the economic pressure they can on everyone who continues to buy or sell it.

Because La Casita does carry a plague. On our first day here, in a borrowed brand-new unmarked car, we drove through the gates onto the ranch which stretched for miles along the Rio Grande. Our mission was to find Ray Rochester, manager of this California-owned monstrosity. But Rochester's office is not even at the ranch, and as we drove away from

Ray Rochester, La Casita manager: "I have nothing to say about the strike. Nobody pays any attention to what I say anyway. The damn people just want to hear about bridge-burnings." A few months ago, a railroad bridge was burned by unknown persons, stopping a load of La Casita lettuce.

(Photo by Edinburg Review)

Texas striker Eugenio Gonzales and friend stand at International Bridge on land belonging to the United Farm Workers. (Photo by Edinburg Review)

CONTINUED ON PAGE 31
San Francisco--
We’ve Got Friends

To continue the Delano Grape Strike month after month, the farm workers have needed the help of many people. People from all over the country have rallied to the cause of the strikers. But perhaps the most generous of all have been the people of the San Francisco Bay Area.

Since the first days of the strike, the people of San Francisco, the Peninsula, Marin, and the East Bay have been collecting food and money, and helping in the boycotts. They have had food caravans to Delano almost every month. Permanent committees have been set up to aid the strikers, and fellow workers, Mexican-American and Filipino groups, civil rights and student organizations and churches have joined together to help.

Last weekend a large caravan came down from the Bay Area bringing food for the strike store. There were many new faces—a group of students from Stanford, a young man with his family (and a truck full of food for the strike store), workers from several fac-
tories. But the strike already knew many of these people as old friends—Don Watson of San Francisco, Anne Draper, and leaders of the Alameda Labor Council who had risked jail last October to force Di-Giorgio to give elections in Arvin. Pete Velasco, one of the original strikers in Delano, and now leader of the Agricultural Labor Support Committee, who is largely responsible for these caravans, introduced the visitors.

Boycott director Fred Ross (lower right) tells San Francisco team that Purity has caved in to UFWOC pressure, agreeing to remove PM products. More than 450 other S.F. stores have done same.

EVERY WEEK WE USE:

700 pounds extra long white rice, 200 pounds tortilla flour, 100 pounds red dry beans, 100 pounds pinto beans, 200 pounds sugar, 200 pounds potatoes, enough powdered or canned milk for 450 children, 50 pounds coffee, 50 cases assorted fruits and vegetables in either family-size cans or #10 cans.

AND WE ALSO NEED:

Canned meat, lard and bread, assorted bev-
erages, marmalade and jam, toilet paper and
napkins, soap and detergent, candy, crackers, cookies when available, toothpaste and other health and grooming aids.

The Farm Workers' Struggle
"Farm worker unions can be the most powerful labor organizations throughout the world," one of Africa's top labor leaders said in Delano.

Benjamin Bentum, secretary-general of the Ghana Trades Union Congress, that country's equivalent to the AFL-CIO, visited La Huelga as part of a two-week tour of the United States.

In an exclusive interview with El Malcriado, Bentum said farm unions have strong potential in all countries because:

1- Farm Workers are people who are accustomed to hardships, they haven't grown soft as have some workers in some other industries. The more oppressive their condition, he said, the more the workers welcome the union.

2- The campesinos, who generally have been denied technical education and who have large families, therefore find it difficult to leave farm labor in the same way that a factory or office worker can quit if conditions are bad. Since the Farmworker cannot quit, his
only hope of betterment is through the Union.

Bentum had high praise for UFWOC's community-oriented efforts, such as the co-op store and credit Union, because the Union he helped organize in Ghana—a farmworkers union—is doing the same things.

The African leader was the first to organize government agriculture specialists in Ghana and later various unions were merged into one, making the Ghanaian farm union one of the country's strongest. It negotiates national agreements with the growers for its, 50,000 members.

Bentum, a former secretary-general of the Ghana farm union, was elected to the Trades Union Council post after the Nkrumah regime was overthrown. During Nkrumah's reign, he was ousted from his farm union post as well as from another position in the TUC.

"The strength of a union," he said, "doesn't lie in the size of the office, but in the size of the membership." That is why, he added, he has made it a point to get out of the office and among the members.

This strategy of strong solidarity with the members has in part brought Ghana minimum wage legislation and other measures not usually found in developing nations.

Accompanying Bentum to Delano was Dean Clowes, AFL_CIO deputy director of the African-American Labor Center in New York. Clowes is on leave from the United Steelworkers of America, AFL-CIO.

Black and Guilty

suit and after 60 days in Atlanta's version of Devil's Island, they were set free.

When Wilson's trial came up on February 1 and 2, he was tried on two state charges of "opprobrious" language and two state charges of assault. Considering the case was an all-white jury, for of the panel of 24 potential jurors, Robert Sparks, state assistant attorney general, had eliminated the five Negroes.

Sparks, throughout the trial, referred to SNCC and the Vietnam war and said, "If Johnny C. Wilson will not fight in Vietnam, why should he be allowed to fight in the streets of Atlanta?"

City police and the army gave conflicting testimony. They could not identify the demonstrators except to say that they were certain that Wilson was the one who allegedly assaulted two cops. Captain Morris G. Redding of the Atlanta police said he saw Wilson about to throw a cop against a wall, but Redding couldn't identify the officer and no officer gave any supporting testimony.

The jury took only two hours to find Wilson guilty on all four charges and the civil rights worker was sentenced to three years on the Georgia chain gang.
UFWOC BOYCOTTER BEATEN BY TEAMSTERS, TO PERELLI-MINETTI'S SCAB PRODUCTS
BUT SAN FRANCISCO VIRTUALLY SEALED

ELISEO MEDINA AND RICHARD EDMUNDS (PHOTOS AT RIGHT) WERE THE FIRST FARM WORKER VICTIMS OF TEAMSTERS DURING THE CAMPAIGN AGAINST DI GIORGIO LAST YEAR, APPARENTLY BY THE SAME TEAMSTER GOON SQUAD THAT WORKED OVER JOHN SHROYER (BELOW). EL MALCRIADO SAYS: THE MAJORITY OF TEAMSTERS ARE DECENT WORKING MEN WHO CONDEMN THE ANTI-UNION ACTIONS OF LOCALS 85 AND 850, WHOSE LEADERS BY THEIR SERVICES TO THE COMPANY HAVE FOREVER BLACKENED THE NAME OF THE INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF TEAMSTERS.

SAN FRANCISCO--It took a brutal attack on a farm worker boycotter and hours on the picket lines, but the city by the Golden Gate this week is at least 80% closed to the scab products of A. Perelli-Minetti & Sons.

John Shroyer, a United Farmworkers Organizing Committee boycott picket line captain, was attacked by four Teamsters Union goons during a stunt on the picket line at the Purity market in the Mission District. Three Teamsters were arrested--but so were Shroyer and Elaine Wender, another boycotter.

The UFWOC team had been picketing Purity for 12 days when, near the end of the vigil, six Teamsters showed up, including Tim Richardson, secretary-treasurer of Local 85. They apparently were disturbed by the consumer information picket line, which had succeeded in convincing some Teamster delivery drivers not to deliver Perelli-Minetti products to the store. Local 85 and other Teamster locals had ordered their drivers to cross the line, but not all did.

The Teamster goon squad showed up Monday, Feb. 20 and returned the next day in the morning and again in the afternoon. Shroyer was photographing the Teamsters when four goons attacked him. Miss Wender
called police, then moved between Shroyer and one of the attackers. At no point did Shroyer become violent. For one thing, he had suffered painful burns only a few days earlier and could not have retaliated in any event.

Shroyer was rushed to Mission Emergency Hospital, where seven stitches were required to close a deep cut near his right eye. His jaw also was swollen.

Arrested were William Dykstra, who said he was a "research worker" for Teamsters Local 856; Ruben Minchaca, and Earl Nardi. They are well-known in Delano for their strong-arm assistance to the Teamster raiding operation last year.

Police were reluctant to book the trio, but finally did when Shroyer, who sped to police headquarters from the hospital, said that if they were not booked, UF-WOC would make citizen's arrests.

The Teamsters, who were charged with assault and battery and grand theft for stealing the camera, countered with assault charges against Shroyer and Miss Wender. They said the two had entered a store to buy cigarettes. But Shroyer had not fully recovered from his burns and was unable to kick a tire, much less Teamster goons.

After the Teamsters finished working Shroyer over with fists and feet, some of them fled in Richardson's car and two others fled on foot, pursued by Miss Wender, who saw them remove the film from the camera. But they refused to return the camera to her.

So she returned to the Purity store, where police had arrived. The officers and Miss Wender tracked the Teamsters to a restaurant parking lot, where the film was found in Richardson's car.

The Teamsters were released on bail and Shroyer and Miss Wender, who were to face arraignment March 7, were released on their own recognizance.

The attack, however, only stiffened the boycotters' resolve to crack the 85-store Purity chain and finally the company president agreed to remove Perelli-Minetti products. The stores had been under heavy pressure from unions—including Teamster locals from other parts of the country—and especially from the AFL-CIO, the International Longshoremen &

CONTINUED ON PAGE 31
WEALTH FOR GROWERS
CONTINUED FROM PAGE 6

taxes. This is a "welfare plan for the growers" that makes the county welfare for poor people look like peanuts.

And there are other welfare programs for the growers, too. Many growers in Kern County grow cotton because of a special welfare program for cotton growers. All cotton growers get government handouts ("subsidies") for every bale of cotton that they grow, regardless of what the cotton is worth. The millionaire Camp family of Kern County has collected thousands of dollars in government checks every year for almost 20 years for growing cotton. And there is another crazy welfare law, the "soil bank" law, that sometimes pays them for not growing cotton, for leaving their land empty! The Camps owned the land where 44 strikers were arrested in 1965 for shouting "Huelga!"

One of the growers biggest welfare programs has its headquarters at the University of Calif. at Davis. There, in the Department of Agriculture, the government spends millions more of your taxpayers dollars to invent machines for the growers. These are the same machines that put you out of work. Two years ago the government invented tomato picking machines. Last year these machines were given or rented to growers at very low costs. The growers' profits went up. But wages stayed low and fewer workers were hired to pick tomatoes.

Now Governor Reagen has promised to raise your taxes so that they can invent machines to pick the grapes and tree crops. So this is a welfare program that you pay for with your taxes, that makes the growers richer and puts you out of work!

That's something to think about, the next time you pay your grocer bill; that that 3¢ or 8¢ or 42¢ at the end, marked "tax", is paying THE GROWERS' WELFARE BILLS!

Welfare
CONTINUED FROM PAGE 7

Visalia rancher; Andrew Pixton, Sierra Citrus Association; Willia M. Rodgers of "The Farm Tribune" and various businessmen and politicians are in a hurry to help poor families to get money, and to delay checks for various (often illegal) reasons. Last winter the Welfare Department ordered people on welfare to break the strike by doing pruning on the struck ranches around Earlimart. People on welfare are forced to work at very low wages, on ranches or on any other project that the Welfare Department sets.

Welfare is designed to keep farm workers alive--but just barely alive--until the work starts up again. They try to give you as little money as they can and try to make you feel guilty for taking even that. But the reason that we have to go on welfare is this. The growers pay such low wages during the seasons when there is work, that many families can't save up enough to get through those months when there is no work. So sometimes we have to go on welfare, and when we do, welfare should be enough to support ourselves and our families decently. But today the welfare system is rotten.

The Union under Cesar Chavez will eventually change all of this. Farm workers will get "unemployment insurance"! And wages will be high so that families can save money. Some day every family will have a guaranteed wage, and government officials will be forced to treat people with respect.

But until that day comes, March will be a bitter and unhappy month for farm workers; and the joy of the stockholders over their huge profits and dividends will be a constant reminder to us that we have not yet achieved justice.

Something more
CONTINUED FROM PAGE 5

(AFL-CIO) in helping you with the boycott of Perelli-Minetti products, and perhaps some donations. In addition, I will write to Senators and Representatives on the national and local levels to express my concern. We have migrant workers in North Dakota's Red River Valley, and I intend to do some personal checking-up there. (If you know of any problems there, tell me.)

The reprint of the letter Mr. A. Perelli-Minetti is sending to those of us who sent him a pledge card received a good answer from Cesar Chavez, but the one he's getting from me might even top that one! The Perelli-Minetti letter displays open paternalism and a child-like confidence in the ignorance of the people he sent it to, besides. Poor man! My students had difficulty understanding his letter in light of the facts. So did I.

God bless you farm workers, who give Americans so much of yourselves and receive so little appreciation in return-- do not lose heart.

WE SHALL OVERCOME!

In Christ,
Sister M. Peter Raybell, OSB,
Chairman, Dept. of Social Sciences, St. Mary's Central High, Bismark, No. Dakota
The Steelworkers Strike

History of Labor

Surrounded by the heat and flames of the giant mills, American steelworkers speak to union representative (left). One strike ended in sure, but the workers finally brought the massive industry to knees in a stirring labor battle.
The men who labor in America's giant steel mills have proved, through their years of union struggle, that their resolve is as firm as any metal they mold and that their cause burns as brightly as any furnace.

The United Steelworkers of America today is one of the nation's largest and most progressive unions. Although always progressive, it was not always so large.

Long before the USWA was formed, one of the most bitter strikes in American history erupted at Homestead, Pa., in July, 1892. Actually, it was more a lockout than a strike, but to the men of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Tin, and Steel Workers the misery was real enough no matter what the battle was called.

The union had a contract with Carnegie Steel Co., but management ignored the pact. Andrew Carnegie, not unfriendly to labor, was vacationing at his Scotland castle. Running the mill was Henry Clay Frick, an anti-union goon dressed as a man, who was determined to break the strike no matter what.

On July 6, Frick announced a wage cut even though the contract was still in force. The union objected and Frick closed the plant, locking out the workers. He told them he would rehire only those men willing to work at the lower wage.

Frick was looking for trouble, for he had a high fence built around the mill. The barrier was topped by barbed wire and pierced by holes for rifles.

The union men refused to return to work and Frick called in an army of scabs. Pinkerton agents were hired to protect the strikebreakers.

The Pinkertons started for Homestead deep in the night, travelling down the river on two barges, their Winchester rifles loaded and waiting.

They arrived around 4 a.m. and prepared to land. But the strikers were there to meet them. Armed agents were faced with a crowd of men, women and children.

As the first of the agents walked down the gangplank, a shot rang out in that still and dark morning. No one knows who fired first -- agent or worker. But the Pinkertons immediately fired volley after volley into the crowd and the battle was on.

It lasted 13 hours, when the workers finally succeeded in driving the Pinkertons back to the barges.

As the pistoleros cowered out on the river, the workers poured oil on the water and set it afire. This was too much even for a Pinkerton agent, and the hired army ran up a white flag and surrendered.

Now all was quiet for several days as the strike held together and the furnaces remained still and cold. On July 12, however, Frick had 8000 national guardsmen -- obtained from the governor -- sent to Homestead and the company again began hiring. This time under military protection.

This went on until November, when the strikers no longer could hold out. Further, public opinion was against them through no fault of their own. An anarchist had tried to assassinate Frick, but failed, although wounding him badly. The union was tainted by the murder attempt.

In November then, the strike was declared lost and the union was smashed. Not for 40 years were the steelworkers able to organize effectively. But when they did, it was with a vengeance and not without more blood. That story in the next issue.

HISTORY OF LABOR

STEEL WORKERS' STRIKE

"...THE COMPANY GUNMEN ARRIVED AROUND 4 A.M., THEIR RIFLES LOADED AND WAITING. BUT THE STRIKERS WERE THERE TO MEET THEM. ARMED GUARDS WERE FACED WITH A CROWD OF MEN, WOMEN, AND CHILDREN..."
FREE LESSONS OFFERED

DID YOU KNOW THAT 30% OF YOUR INCOME GOES INTO THE HANDS OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE BECAUSE YOU ARE NOT FAMILIAR WITH THE TAX LAWS?

LEARN THE LAW AND SAVE MONEY

LESSON NO. 2

ANY CONTRIBUTIONS TO CHURCHES OR CHARITABLE ORGANIZATIONS ARE DEDUCTIBLE. YOU SHOULD KNOW HOW MUCH YOU GAVE AND THE NAME OF THE ORGANIZATION TO WHICH YOU GAVE THE CONTRIBUTION.

THE INTEREST PAYMENTS ON ANY LOANS YOU HAVE ARE ALSO DEDUCTIBLE (MORTGAGE, CAR LOANS, BANK LOANS, ETC.) YOU SHOULD KNOW HOW MUCH YOUR WHOLE LOAN IS FOR, HOW MUCH YOU PAY A MONTH, AND HOW LONG THE LOAN IS FOR, ONE YEAR, TWO YEARS, ETC.

Now test yourself and see what you have learned. Choose two out of each group of three sentences. One of each group is deliberately incorrect.

We Will Teach You How to Save Money

SEND THIS COUPON IMMEDIATELY
(I am interested in receiving the complete set of lessons which you are offering to farm workers. Send me more information.)

NAME
ADDRESS
CITY________STATE

Send to: P.O. Box 460, Delano, California 93215, or visit us at 105 Asti St. Tel: 725-0161 ACT NOW!
I had heard much talk about him. I knew that he had been chief of the Cuban Air Force in the days when the revolutionaries of the Sierra Maestra descended victoriously and took power in Cuba. At that time I believed Major Pedro Diaz Lanz to be a great hero, a patriot who was fighting the communists that were taking over his country.

This was what I thought of him when I first went to Delano to hear a lecture he was giving on Communist infiltration in the Civil Rights Committees.

But after that lecture I realized that he was nothing more than a man who had found an easy way to make a living: just a mediocre actor that cries, laughs, reads from the Bible, makes insults — anything to get responses from his naive audiences.

I also realized that the communists which he talks about exist only in his mind. And, as I heard one of the farm workers say, "I knew he was a worm, because he slithered like one..."

And that farm worker was right. Diaz Lanz spoke to an audience of about 35 people. The older people in that audience were horrified at hearing about the communist monster that Lanz spoke of: farm workers, laborers, students. Others, the younger ones, smiled ironically at his absurdities.

There were occasions in which he made huge blunders. Like one time at which he made a dramatic suggestion with his hand and raised his voice to say:

"...And if you look at photographs of Fidel Castro, you shall see nothing less than a fat man who thrives on the poor..." But he had to swallow hard and try to find a way out of his stalemate, for there in the front row were seated the well-fed growers that were fat precisely from the sweat and labor of the poor farm workers.

And after excusing himself with a bad joke to calm the angry faces of the growers, he began rattling off that part of his speech which he had obviously memorized:

"I have always been poor and yet I have never asked for anything. So why should medical attention be given to the poor? Why should education be given to them? Should we who have been able to make a living for ourselves have to share with those that haven't?"

His words were so absurd that once again he had to correct himself, so he resorted to the Bible. "Let me give a brief prayer for my country, and my brothers that are the..."
The man shrugged his shoulders and affected a smile.
—We’ll try, sir.

At that moment, one of Villa’s helpers stepped in and after giving the appropriate salute, he said: My General—I have just been informed that the President of San Juan refuses to accept your authority and he is planning to put up a resistance.

Villa gave him a sly smile. He patted General Angeles’ officer on the back, gave him the title of Colonel, and said:

—Colonel Montes, I want you to get 50 men ready and we will go together to San Juan and see what this is all about.

A short time later Tomas Vidiella saw the procession entering the jubilant and beautifully adorned town of San Juan.

—Viva Villa! people shouted from the crowd, as they parted to leave free way for the procession to pass.

Suddenly the Centaur stopped his horse and turned to Colonel Montes.

—Listen friend—they’ve made fools of us. This is one practical joke that I don’t like at all. We’d better go back to the station.

The mayor of the town began, immediately to pour out compliments.

—Forget it, my general; come in, this is your home...

Villa, with one hand on his pistol, leaned over the side of his horse.

—I was told that you were rebelling against my authority. Is this true, my friend? Maybe you’ll kill me during the celebration, and I certainly didn’t come all the way over here just to die!

The colonel turned white. He tried to force a smile. His eyes widened, he swallowed hard.

—Of course not, my general! What can I do to prove it to you—a woman, perhaps?

—That’s your problem, my friend. I give you ten minutes to prove to me that you are a "Villista".

At that, the Centaur dismounted his horse and walked over to
...AND THE NIGHT SHOOK WITH THE THUNDEROUS SOUND OF THE BULLETS. IT WAS THE DEATH OF A TRAITOR...
AFTER SIGNING A PAPER IN WHICH THEY EACH PROMISED TO PAY $40 TO THE CONTRACTOR WHO WAS GOING TO TAKE THEM TO TEXAS (AS WETBACKS), OUR FRIENDS WAIT IN THE PARK IN JUAREZ FOR THE TRUCK WHICH IS GOING TO TRANSPORT THEM TO THE RIVER.

By Andrew Zermeno & Daniel de los Reyes

"AS SOON AS I PROCESS THIS CARGO, I WILL TAKE YOU TO ACAPULCO."

"THIS TACTIC OF MAKING LIFE IMPOSSIBLE FOR THIS UNWASHED BUNCH WAS A GREAT IDEA. OF OUR CITY MAYOR. THIS WAY THEY GET OUT OF HERE AND SEND BACK THEIR MONEY."

"A GREAT IDEA. HERE IN CIUDAD JUAREZ THE WET-BACK INDUSTRY IS SECOND ONLY TO THE BROTHER INDUSTRY."

LET'S SEE... THOSE WHO SIGNED-UP, GET ON THE TRUCK FAST.
AFTER A SHORT TRIP, THE TRUCK STOPS ON THE OUTSKIRTS OF JUAREZ, WHERE THE RIVER IS SHALLOW.

WITH TWENTY OTHERS WHO HAD NOT BEEN ABLE TO MAKE A LIVING IN MEXICO BECAUSE OF THE BAD POLITICIANS AND CONDITIONS, OUR FRIENDS CROSS THE RIO GRANDE RIVER. LEADING THE GROUP IS THE FOREMAN OF THE CONTRACTOR, WHO KNOWS THE WAY THROUGH THE SHALLOW PARTS TO THE OTHER SIDE.

"IN FIVE MINUTES WE WILL BE CLEAR OF THE IMMIGRATION BOYS. SO WATCH OUT. YOU KNOW WHAT TO DO."
"IS THERE REALLY NO CHANCE THAT THE IMMIGRATION WILL GET US? I HEAR THEY WERE PRETTY ACTIVE IN THIS PART OF THE BORDER."

"DON'T WORRY, AT THIS TIME OF NIGHT THE INSPECTORS LOOK THE OTHER WAY. THEY KNOW THAT THE RANCHERS IN TEXAS NEED FA FARM HANDS FOR THEIR CROPS, AND THE INSPECTORS DON'T WANT TO INTERFERE. REALLY, WE DO THE CROSSINGS AT NIGHT AND OUT OF THE WAY JUST SO WE DON'T EMBARRASS THEM."

"FAST, IN, ALL OF YOU HURRY... AND KEEP QUIET WHILE YOU'RE IN THERE, GET IT?"

"DONA ANA COUNTY, TEXAS, THE UNITED STATES! AT LAST OUR FRIENDS ARE IN THE COUNTRY OF THEIR DREAMS!"

"MEAT PRODUCT INC.
DONA ANA COUNTY"
"WE HAVE TO GO THROUGH EL PASO. DO THOSE WET-BACKS KNOW ENOUGH TO KEEP QUIET?"

"SURE, THEY ARE SO SCARED THAT YOU COULDN'T HEAR THEM BREATHING."

"HEY, QUIT PUSHING, O.K.?"

"UH-HUH, WHICH OF YOU GUYS SPILLED HIS PERFUME?"

"PAL, WHERE DO YOU THINK THEY'RE TAKING US?"

"HEY! THIS MAKES THREE 'MEAT PRODUCTS INC' TRUCKS THIS WEEK. THERE CERTAINLY IS A GREAT DEMAND FOR BEEF IN THE VALLEY."

"YEAH, THEY SURE NEED A LOT OF BEEF DURING THE HARVESTS!"
bances. Sheriffs and sheriffs’ deputies are also trained to "handle" riot situations. In Delano a picket line is considered a "riot" situation. A policeman or other law enforcement official who is not bigoted or racist is just not effective in these situations.

Miss Holmes asserts that "the world is full of people like me who knows that all human beings are alike and each of us has a duty to be friendly to all other human beings." Unfortunately, farm workers and other minority groups have not yet been given the key to that world. They have good reason to mistrust and fear police, doctors, teachers and even "ordinary, friendly old ladies" like Miss Holmes.

The basic reason for mistrust and fear is lack of understanding and compassion on the part of those who deal with minority groups. There is no common ground of cultural experience, language or socio-economic status, and thus no possibility of empathy. Furthermore, the patronizing attitude which "privileged" persons display toward members of minority groups effectively subverts any real communication.

P.D. Lanz
CONTINUED FROM PAGE 23

victims of that tyranny." With this tearful prayer he managed to arouse some emotions from the oldest people there.

So I, who had thought I was finally going to learn what Communism was nad who its followers was in Delano, was only becoming more and more convinced that "anti-communism" was no more than a "modus vivendi" for some people that believe themselves to be very clever. Diaz Lanz sees communism even in his soup—he denounced members of the Supreme Court of Justice, as well as ex-President Eisenhower and other well-known Americans.

Now, up to this point Diaz had not succeeded in insulting anybody; rather, he awakened some ironic smiles in the intelligent audience.

Eight days later, he addressed the public for 15 minutes through KWAC, a radio station in Bakersfield. And as he was speaking in Spanish, he went all the way, violating all the laws of the country that has given him so much hospitality, and after his usual wining and self-victimizing, he openly insulted Cesar Chavez, Walter Reuther and many others.

Who is this foreigner who is being used by a group of people who call themselves the "Truth about Civil Turmoil Committee"? Who is he to attack so ruthlessly the people of California and of the United States? Surely he is doing it in order to increment his own wealth...

His background is tainted, I found out later.

Miss Holmes hopes that someone will write an article telling people like her..."how to show and convince the Farm people...that we truly want to become friends." I should like to suggest that Miss Holmes first of all go down to Delano, and try to convince the farm workers' employers that a union contract covering decent wages and working conditions would be the most humane and rational solution to their problems. This effort on Miss Holmes' part will do more than anything to win the Farm Workers' respect for and appreciation of her friendship. Secondly, she should spend a week or so on a picket line in Delano. There, she will no doubt be able to learn first hand exactly why the Farm Workers and others say harsh things about law enforcement officials' behavior. While she is in Delano she should make a real attempt to learn something of the languages (Spanish and Tagalog), the customs and the aspirations of the Farm Workers. In so doing, she will perhaps discover the true basis of friendship.

Sincerely,

Mrs. Eloyde Tovey
Piedmont, Calif.

P.D. Lanz
CONTINUED FROM PAGE 23

He used to take arms and ammunition to the Sierra Maestra, but not out of principles or beliefs. Only for the money.

When the dictator Bautista fled from Cuba and the revolutionaries took power, Diaz Lanz began to live like a wealthy man. It was not long before the government took away his job and when Lanz saw that the revolution had not been intended for people to get rich in, he fled the country too, and since then he rents himself out to anyone that wishes to attack those people that fight for a decent life, and for justice.

He is the typical example of those people who will not be stopped by anything in order to fulfill their aim; exploiting and abusing the poor, in order to obtain wealth. But they are people who never realize that as long as they talk lies and falsehoods, they will not get very far in their attack, but rather strengthen the noble causes they are attacking.

A Practical Way of Helping Us
When Shopping in
BAY AREA COOPS

Use CO-OP No. 47947

You can help the strikers in Delano by using this number whenever you shop at the Co-ops. At the end of the year all of the money earned from this number will go to the strike.
CONTINUED FROM PAGE 11

the ranch headquarters past toiling crews of scab labor brought from Mexico, a security guard forced us off the narrow road with his pickup truck. If he had known we were huelguistas, we might have gotten shot.

For La Casita is running scared. The boycott, just getting underway, has already damaged its markets severely. Already the name LA CASITA is shameful. They are desperately trying to change their labels, blank them out, or market their crops in bulk. Five hundred stores are cooperating with the United Farm Workers, and the boycott is spreading to other states.

But the Rio Grande flows on and the scabs keep crossing the bridge. La Casita knows that they can fill up as many buses as it wants to send to the border point. For the farm workers of Mexico are under such enormous pressure from their poverty, that they often believe they have no choice.

At the northern end of the bridge at Roma is a tiny piece of land that has been given to the United Farm Workers. The land was given to the huelga by the people of the city of Roma. Soon it will have a huge sign -- the thunderbird emblem of the farm workers. Someday there will be a union hiring hall there.

Just as the people of Roma are behind the strike and know what it means, all the working people of Texas are supporters. For Texas is a primitive country without strong labor unions.

Highly skilled machine operators make $1.50 an hour. Semi-professional people make as little as $360 a week. And farm workers, laundry and restaurant employees, and laborers make $1 an hour or less. When unionization comes to South Texas, it is going to be like a revolution.

The federal minimum wage of $1 is inapplicable to other states.

**VICTORY**

(Continued from Page 17)

Warehousemen’s Union and a flying squad of picket-protectors from the Seafarers International Union of North America, which also protected UFWOC picketers from company goons and Teamsters at the Di- Norgio Sierra Vista ranch last year.

The agreement reached through a picket’s blood will exclude P-M products from all Purity stores, which extend south to Hanford.

Cesar Chavez, UFWOC national director, denounced the attack on Shroyer and again called for binding arbitration in the UFWOC-Teamsters-Perelli-Minetti dispute. P-M signed a backdoor, substandard agreement with the Teamsters.

In Delano, the Friday night after the Tuesday attack, Shroyer was greeted with thunderous, standing applause at the union membership meeting. They were voted to commend him for his cause.

...
A MONSTER
IS FREE IN CALIFORNIA...

AND THE FARMWORKERS ARE HIS VICTIMS

(INFORMATION ON PAGES 16 AND 17)

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